



## Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

August 14, 2017 / The following information should be read in conjunction with the Crescita Therapeutics™ Inc. (Crescita or the Company) Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 which were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and International Accounting Standards (IAS) 34 – Interim Financial Reporting filed on SEDAR on August 14, 2017. Additional information relating to the Company, including its Annual Information Form (AIF), can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

All amounts in the MD&A, Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and related Notes are expressed in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted.

### Forward-looking Statements

*This MD&A contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as: “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “goal,” “seek,” “believe,” “project,” “estimate,” “expect,” “strategy,” “future,” “likely,” “may,” “should,” “will” and similar references to future periods.*

*Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on the Company's current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the completion of the convertible debenture financing and use of proceeds, the Company's future obligations under the INTEGA purchase agreement, the Company's ability to comply with the terms of the amended Knight Loan, the future of its business, future plans and strategies, projections, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict and many of which are outside of the Company's control. Crescita's actual results and financial condition may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements. Therefore, readers should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause Crescita's actual results and financial condition to differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, the conditions to the convertible debenture financing, the risk factors included in Crescita's most recent Annual Information Form dated March 29, 2017 under the heading “Risks Factors”, and as described from time to time in the reports and disclosure documents filed by Crescita with Canadian securities regulatory agencies and commissions. These and other factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on Crescita's forward-looking statements. As a result of the foregoing and other factors, no assurance can be given as to any such future results, levels of activity or achievements and none of Crescita or any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these forward-looking statements.*

*Any forward-looking statement made by the Company in this MD&A is based only on information currently available to it and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. Except as required by applicable securities laws, Crescita undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.*

### Overview

#### Background

Crescita is a publicly traded, Canadian commercial dermatology company with a portfolio of non-prescription skincare products and prescription drug products for the treatment and care of skin conditions and diseases and their symptoms. Crescita owns multiple proprietary drug delivery platforms that support the development of patented formulations that can facilitate the delivery of active drugs into or through the skin.

On March 1, 2016, Nuvo Research Inc. (Nuvo) completed a transaction (the Reorganization) pursuant to which Nuvo was reorganized into two separate publicly traded companies, Nuvo and Crescita. The Reorganization

proceeded by way of arrangement under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the Arrangement). As part of the Reorganization, Nuvo Research Inc. changed its name to “Nuvo Pharmaceuticals Inc.” Detailed information regarding the Reorganization and its effects, including a description of certain risks and uncertainties in respect of the Reorganization and the operations of Nuvo and Crescita as separate publicly traded companies, are included in the Management Information Circular of Nuvo dated December 31, 2015.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company and its subsidiaries employed a total of 73 full-time employees at its head office in Mississauga, Ontario and a manufacturing and research and development (R&D) facility in Laval, Québec.

## Significant Transactions

### 2017

#### ***Amended Terms to Knight Loan***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced it had entered into an amended loan agreement with Knight Therapeutics Inc. (Knight). The Company assumed approximately \$6.8 million (currently \$6.6 million of principal outstanding) of an INTEGA Skin Sciences Inc. (INTEGA) loan from Knight (the Knight Loan), which was secured by a letter of credit issued by a Canadian chartered bank on the Company’s behalf. The letter of credit was secured by cash held in the Company’s account with the bank.

Under the terms of the amended loan agreement, Crescita will immediately repay \$2.5 million of the loan (reducing the principal amount to \$4.1 million) and Knight has agreed to release the letter of credit in exchange for a general security interest over all of Crescita’s assets. As a result, the Company now has access to an additional \$6.0 million of its cash (after the repayment described above) to fund its operations, that was previously restricted under the terms of the letter of credit. The loan continues to bear interest at 9% per annum and matures on January 22, 2022. The loan can be repaid by the Company at any time prior to December 31, 2018 without penalty. The loan does not contain any financial covenants. Under the amended loan, Crescita has agreed to make additional repayments such that the principal amount of the loan is reduced to \$2.5 million by December 31, 2018.

The terms and conditions of the amended loan are set forth in an Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between Crescita and Knight, a copy of which will be filed under the Company’s profile at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). The summary of the amended loan above is qualified by reference to the specific terms of the loan agreement.

#### ***Commitment Letter - Convertible Debenture Financing***

On August 14, 2017, the Company also announced that funds associated with Bloom Burton & Co. (Bloom Burton) have agreed to invest \$1.0 million in the Company in exchange for a convertible debenture that will bear interest at 9% (payable in cash) and will be convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at an initial conversion price of \$1.00 per share (subject to customary adjustments). The convertible debenture matures on June 30, 2022, unless converted earlier in accordance with its terms. Commencing after the second anniversary of the issue date, the Company has the option to force conversion if the closing price of its common shares exceeds 150% of the conversion price on 20 trading days in any 30-day period. The proceeds of the convertible debenture financing are expected to be used to repay indebtedness and for general corporate purposes. Completion of this convertible debenture financing is subject to certain customary conditions and, as such, there can be no assurance that this financing will be completed. If all of the conditions to the financing are satisfied, it is expected that the convertible debenture financing will close during the third quarter.

#### ***New Warrants***

The Company issued 396,000 common share purchase warrants to Knight, 216,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share and the other 180,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, in each case for a period of six years. Concurrent with the issuance of those warrants, Knight surrendered and cancelled the 293,163 common share purchase warrants it previously held. Subject to closing of the convertible debenture financing, the Company has agreed to issue to the Bloom Burton funds, an aggregate

of 100,000 common share purchase warrants which are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share.

#### ***Agreement with Certain Former INTEGA Shareholders***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced it had entered into an agreement with certain parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement (who represent a majority of certain former INTEGA shareholders) pursuant to which those parties have agreed with the Company that none of them will be entitled to any further payments from Crescita under the INTEGA purchase agreement. The Company and the other parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement have agreed to defer the date for final payment of the purchase price for the INTEGA acquisition until at least September 10, 2017, while discussions are ongoing to reach a similar agreement.

#### ***Acquisition of Alyria® Skincare Products***

On August 8, 2017, the Company announced that its wholly owned subsidiary, INTEGA acquired the Alyria skincare line of products from Sanofi Consumer Health Inc. Alyria is a high-quality, non-prescription, line of medical skincare products sold into medical spas. The product is highly complementary to INTEGA's Pro-Derm™ product offering and will be sold through Crescita's existing sales force. The Company purchased Alyria for cash consideration of \$1.7 million, consisting of a combination of fixed cash installments, of which \$0.8 million will be paid in 2017, as well as a royalty agreement based on a threshold of annual net sales of Alyria over a nine-year period starting in 2020.

#### ***Pliaglis® and Flexicaine Out-licensing***

In April, the Company entered into a development and commercialization license agreement (the Agreement) with Taro Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Taro), the Canadian subsidiary of Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. Under the terms of the Agreement, Crescita has granted Taro an exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis in the U.S. market and for a second-generation enhanced version of Pliaglis (Flexicaine). In consideration of the rights granted under the Agreement, Taro made an upfront payment of US\$2.0 million (\$2.7 million) to Crescita. The Company could also receive up to US\$5.75 million in non-dilutive development and sales milestone payments and tiered royalties on net sales of products licensed under the Agreement. In addition, Crescita and Taro entered into a fee-for-service development agreement, whereby, the Company will provide services related to the further development of Pliaglis and Flexicaine and will receive fees based on services performed. Crescita retains all rights to Pliaglis in Canada and Mexico. In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office has granted U.S. Patent No. 9,693,976, entitled "Solid-Forming Local Anesthetic Formulations for Pain Control" relating to the Flexicaine composition. Under the terms of the Agreement, the grant of the Flexicaine U.S. patent entitles Crescita to a US\$0.5 million (\$0.6 million) milestone payment that it expects to receive from Taro during the third quarter.

#### ***MMPE™ Technology***

In March, the Company signed an exclusive license agreement with a U.S.-based, major dermatological contract research company (the Licensee) to develop prescription treatments of skin diseases utilizing Crescita's patented Multiplexed Molecular Penetration Enhancer (MMPE) technology. The Licensee will oversee and fund the cost of all development activities until commercialization partner(s) for the products are secured. Crescita is entitled to a share of royalties and other consideration received by the Licensee from such partners based on a formula that includes compensation to Crescita for granting the Licensee the exclusive license to the MMPE technology.

## **2016**

#### ***Acquisition of INTEGA Skin Sciences Inc.***

On September 1, 2016, the Company acquired 100% of the equity of INTEGA, a private company located in Laval, Québec that develops, manufactures, sells and markets science-based quality non-prescription skincare products.

The Company paid for a portion of the purchase through the issuance of 2,402,314 Crescita common shares at a price of \$1.66 per share (representing approximately 17.3% of Crescita's outstanding common shares post-issuance). The Company has entered into an agreement with certain parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement (who represent a majority of certain former INTEGA shareholders) pursuant to which those parties have agreed with the Company that none of them will be entitled to any further payments from Crescita under

the INTEGA purchase agreement. The Company and the other parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement have agreed to defer the date for final payment of the purchase price for the INTEGA acquisition until at least September 10, 2017, while discussions are ongoing to reach a similar agreement.

### **Corporate Reorganization**

On March 1, 2016, Nuvo Research Inc. completed a corporate reorganization that reorganized Nuvo Research Inc. into two separate publicly traded companies: Nuvo and Crescita. See Corporate Reorganization and the Nuvo Reorganization Circular filed on SEDAR for information on this transaction.

## **Growth Strategy**

The Company's management and Board of Directors made the decision to pursue a strategy to transform Crescita from an R&D focused company into a dermatology company with an emphasis on commercially advanced non-prescription skincare markets and prescription drug products. This strategy would allow Crescita to leverage its skin penetration technology, as well as an approved topical product and to mitigate risks by pursuing already approved products in the non-prescription skincare market. As a result of this change in focus, Crescita completed the acquisition of INTEGA on September 1, 2016 (INTEGA Acquisition). Management believes the INTEGA Acquisition provides the Company with a number of benefits including:

- A revenue-generating, fully integrated commercial skincare business, manufacturing facility, and the capability to market non-prescription skincare products through established distribution channels;
- Global distribution rights to well-known and established skincare brands: Laboratoire Dr Renaud™, Pro-Derm, Premiology® and Canadian rights for the ISDIN® line;
- A commercial infrastructure capable of promoting its prescription drug Pliaglis in Canada;
- The ability to leverage its topical delivery technologies and combine its current lab facilities with those of INTEGA, for the development of potential new non-prescription skincare products; and
- The vehicle to leverage its business development capabilities to out-license INTEGA owned brands outside Canada, including the U.S., Asia and South America.

The Company's growth strategy includes the potential acquisition of skincare companies in order to leverage its current infrastructure and build a large, profitable and successful North American skincare company serving both the non-prescription and prescription markets. Crescita just announced the purchase of Alyria skincare products (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Acquisition of Alyria Skincare Products) and continues to assess other in-licensing opportunities related to new products.

In April 2017, the Company entered into a development and commercialization license agreement with Taro granting Taro an exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis and Flexicaine in the U.S. (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Pliaglis and Flexicaine Out-licensing). In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office has granted U.S. Patent No. 9,693,976, entitled "Solid-Forming Local Anesthetic Formulations for Pain Control" relating to the Flexicaine composition. Crescita continues to evaluate strategies to optimize its sales of Pliaglis in Canada and Mexico.

## **Discontinued Operations**

In July 2016, the Company sold its German manufacturing operation that produced the active ingredient in WF10™ and Oxoferin™ and the intellectual property related to WF10 for nominal proceeds to Dr. Friedrich-Wilhelm Kuehne (the former minority interest partner). In addition, under the terms of the agreement, the balance of Dr. Kuehne's consulting fees were paid in full. The Company ceased to earn product revenue from the Immunology Group subsequent to July 11, 2016. During the second half of 2016, the Company commenced the wind-down of the Immunology Group operations and expects this process to be completed by early 2018.

The information presented herein reflects the wind-down of the Immunology Group. The operating results have been restated to reflect the Immunology Group as a discontinued operation.

The Company has historically reported two operating segments: the Topical Products and Technology (TPT) Group and the Immunology Group. As a result of reporting the Immunology Group as a discontinued operation, the Company is reporting the entire business as one segment.

## Products

### Non-Prescription Skincare Products

#### Laboratoire Dr Renaud

The Laboratoire Dr Renaud skincare line joins science and aesthetics to develop and manufacture personalized solutions to address daily challenges – aging, acne, rosacea, pigmentation, dehydration and sensitivity. The product line was founded in France in 1947 by Dr. Louis Raymond Renaud and became a Canadian company, based in Montreal in 1963. The Laboratoire Dr Renaud skincare products are sold exclusively to certified aestheticians, in spas and aesthetic schools. Crescita owns the trademark rights for the skincare line in North America, South America and the Pacific Rim and the worldwide rights for the formulation.

#### Pro-Derm

Pro-Derm is a line of high-quality cosmeceutical products sold to physicians operating through medispas and medicalized clinics. Pro-Derm products are used in conjunction with anti-aging medical procedures -both pre- and post-treatment, such as dermal filler injections for lines and wrinkles, facial peels, laser treatments, aesthetic surgery and also to prevent the negative effects of skin aging. Developed by a Canadian team of chemists and a dermatologist, the products are designed to achieve and maintain beautiful skin and to optimize cosmetic procedures offered by physicians. By offering high levels of clinically proven effective ingredients, Pro-Derm combines the benefits of both cosmetic and pharmaceutical products. Crescita owns the worldwide sales and marketing rights for Pro-Derm.

#### Premiology

Premiology is a high-end premium anti-aging skincare line targeted to consumers 35 years of age and over. The formulations contain a high performing combination of HA4 Technology (4 types of hyaluronic acids) and unique active ingredients to deliver targeted actions and results. Crescita owns the worldwide sales and marketing rights for Premiology.

#### ISDIN

ISDIN is the market leader in skincare in Spain and was formed in 1975 through a joint venture between Esteve and Puig. ISDIN's focus is to offer a complete range of innovative dermatology solutions to consumers with the highest quality standards and strong clinical evidence. ISDIN is well established in Europe, Latin America and Asia with more than 14 brand families and a leading consumer market position in skin categories like hydration, sun care, atopic dermatitis, baby skin, acne and women's health and sun damage repair. INTEGA has the exclusive rights to market and sell ISDIN products in Canada. The trademark is owned by ISDIN S.A. and is being used under license by INTEGA.

#### Alyria

Alyria is a comprehensive and sophisticated skincare line using scientific research to target and treat major skincare concerns. The Alyria Skin Optimizing System offers a complete skincare solution for all patients, helping them to achieve healthier skin with visible results. Alyria products use effective concentrations of the world's most advanced ingredients in proven formulations, and are available exclusively to physicians. Alyria's portfolio is complementary to the Company's existing Pro-Derm line and can be purchased throughout Canada in various medispas.

## Prescription Drug Products

### Pliaglis

Pliaglis is a topical local anaesthetic cream that provides safe and effective local dermal analgesia on intact skin prior to superficial dermatological procedures, such as dermal filler injections, pulsed dye laser therapy, facial laser resurfacing and laser-assisted tattoo removal. This product consists of a proprietary formulation of lidocaine and tetracaine that utilizes proprietary phase-changing topical cream Peel technology. The Peel technology consists of a drug-containing cream which, once applied to a patient's skin, dries to form a pliable layer that releases drug into the skin. Pliaglis should be applied to intact skin for 20 to 30 minutes prior to superficial dermatological procedures and for 60 minutes prior to laser-assisted tattoo removal. Following the application period, Pliaglis forms a pliable layer that is easily removed from the skin allowing the dermatological procedure to be performed with minimal to no pain.

In December 2015, the Company reacquired the development and marketing rights for Pliaglis for the U.S., Canada and Mexico from Galderma Pharma S.A. (Galderma), a global pharmaceutical company specialized in dermatology. Under the terms of the agreement, Nuvo paid Galderma 125,000 Swiss Francs (\$174,000). In April 2017, the Company entered into the Agreement with Taro that granted Taro an exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis and Flexicaine in the U.S. Crescita paid an additional 125,000 Swiss Francs (\$174,000) when Galderma transferred the U.S. rights to Taro. In addition, the Company paid US\$107,000 (\$139,000) to Galderma in connection with the product manufacturing agreement for Pliaglis (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Pliaglis and Flexicaine Out-licensing).

Beginning in 2021, Crescita has the right to reacquire the Rest of World (ROW) rights on a country-by-country basis without additional compensation if Galderma does not achieve minimum sales targets. Galderma will continue to market Pliaglis in Canada and pay a royalty on net sales during a transition period. Crescita will receive a fixed single-digit royalty on net sales in the territories where Galderma still owns the development and marketing rights. Galderma is responsible for manufacturing Pliaglis. Taro will sell and distribute Pliaglis and Flexicaine in the U.S. market (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Pliaglis and Flexicaine Out-licensing).

Pliaglis is approved for sale and marketing in the U.S., Canada and Mexico, as well as multiple European, South America and Asian countries. In Argentina, Pliaglis has been sold and marketed since 2011. Galderma launched the commercial sale and marketing of Pliaglis in the U.S. and in the E.U. in 2013, in Brazil in March 2014 and in Canada in 2015. In the E.U., the regulatory approval required a post-approval commitment study, the cost of which was shared equally by Galderma and the Company. The Company understands that Galderma is seeking approvals in additional countries. However, there can be no assurance that any such approvals will be obtained or the timing thereof. The Company continues to explore alternatives for the preferred commercial distribution pathway for Pliaglis in Canada and is in discussion with potential licencing partners for Mexico.

The Company is obligated to pay royalties to two companies for 1% and 1.5% of net sales of Pliaglis.

### Flexicaine

Flexicaine is a new proprietary cream anesthetic formulation of lidocaine and tetracaine (7%/7%) that is designed for the topical treatment of pain conditions. The formulation dries to form a film which can be easily peeled from the skin once actives have been delivered to the site on the body providing a long-lasting anesthetic effect. Flexicaine possesses improved application and removal properties compared to Pliaglis with extended patent protection to 2031 in multiple jurisdictions. In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office has granted U.S. Patent No. 9,693,976, entitled "Solid-Forming Local Anesthetic Formulations for Pain Control" relating to the Flexicaine composition.

### MiCal 1 and MiCal 2

In April 2014, Nuvo entered into a collaboration agreement with MiCal - a joint venture between Ferndale and a leading contract research company (CRO) (Ferndale Collaboration) - to develop two topical dermatology products based on the Company's patented MMPE technology. Under the terms of the collaboration agreement, the Company will utilize its proprietary MMPE technology to formulate two patented topical

dermatology product candidates. Once the formulations are complete, Ferndale, in collaboration with the CRO, will oversee and fund the formulations' advancement through Phase 2 clinical studies. It is anticipated that the product candidates will then be made available for out-licensing.

The first MiCal product (MiCal 1) is a topical formulation utilizing a corticosteroid in combination with the Company's patented MMPE technology to treat psoriasis. A lead formulation has been identified and successfully tested in a vasoconstrictor assay test. A Phase 2 study on MiCal 1 was initiated in early 2017 by a leading U.S.-based CRO. Results are expected by the end of 2017.

The second MiCal product (MiCal 2) is a topical formulation utilizing the Company's patented MMPE technology to treat a dermatological skin condition. MiCal 2 is still under development and an Investigational New Drug (IND) application is expected to be filed by the end of 2017 once a lead formulation has been identified.

## Pipeline Products

### *Non-Prescription Skincare Products*

The non-prescription skincare business requires that the product lines be rejuvenated from time-to-time with new product offerings. Crescita has established a multi-disciplinary R&D Product Committee that screens and identifies new products to be developed. These new products are selected based on a number of criteria primarily driven by reviewing sales and marketing trends, but also include regulatory, manufacturing and cost considerations. The products under development are usually kept confidential for competitive reasons.

### *Prescription Products*

Crescita has a portfolio of development stage products and proprietary platform technologies, which include MMPE and DuraPeel™.

The following table summarizes the Company's key prescription product candidates.

Product	Therapeutic Area	Stage of Development	Intellectual Property <sup>2</sup>
Flexicaine	Local anesthesia prior to cosmetic dermatology procedures	TBD	Patents granted in AU, CA, CN, HK, JP, MX, RU and the U.S. with latest expiring in 2031. Application allowed in EP and pending in 4 countries including U.S. Latest anticipated expiry date is 2031.
MiCal 1 <sup>1</sup>	Psoriasis	Phase 2	Patents allowed and granted in the U.S. expiring in 2027. Patent pending through 2036.
MiCal 2 <sup>1</sup>	Dermatological skin treatment	Preclinical	Patents allowed and granted in the U.S. expiring in 2027. Patent pending through 2036.
Dermatology products utilizing MMPE <sup>3</sup>	Prescription treatments of skin diseases	Preclinical	Patent granted in the U.S. expiring in 2027. Patent pending through 2027.

1. MiCal 1 and 2 are products being developed under the Ferndale Collaboration.
2. Region and country abbreviations defined as follows: Australia (AU), Canada (CA), China (CN), Europe (EP), Hong Kong (HK), Japan (JP), Mexico (MX), Russian Federation (RU), United States (U.S.).
3. Crescita has licensed the MMPE technology to a U.S.-based, major dermatological contract research company. The Licensee will oversee and fund the cost to develop up to three dermatological products.

## Technology

Crescita has multiple drug delivery platforms that support the development of patented formulations that can deliver actives into or through the skin. The most significant platforms include:

### DuraPeel

The DuraPeel technology is a self-occluding, film-forming cream/gel formulation that provides extended release delivery to the site of application. The cream/gel contains a drug applied to a patient's skin forming a pliable layer that releases drug into the skin for up to 12 hours. The benefits of the DuraPeel technology include proven compatibility with a variety of active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs). Self-occluding film reduces product transference risk, fast drying time and easy application and removal and application to large and irregular skin surfaces. Patents have been issued in Australia, Canada, China, Japan and the U.S. with the latest expiry in 2027. Patent applications are pending in Europe and allowed in the U.S.

### MMPE

The MMPE technology uses synergistic combinations of pharmaceutical excipients included on the FDA's Inactive Ingredient Guide for improved topical delivery of actives into or through the skin. The benefits of this technology include the potential for increased penetration of APIs with the possibility of improved efficacy, lower API concentration and/or reduced dosing. Issued U.S. patents and pending applications provide intellectual property protection through March 6, 2027.

### **Capability to Deliver Results**

The Company will need to spend resources to research, develop and manufacture its products and technologies. Crescita may finance these activities through: existing cash, revenue generated by product sales to its customers and royalties, licensing and co-development agreements for other new drug candidates or its existing products in territories where they are not currently licensed, by raising funds in the capital markets or by incurring debt.

Crescita is dependent on its customers and commercial partners for the sale and marketing of its products in their respective territories.

Crescita believes that it has appropriate in-house personnel with the experience and expertise to market and sell its existing products and to develop its pipeline. To execute the current business plan, Crescita may selectively add key personnel and in the future, may need to hire additional staff as activities expand. In addition, market acceptance of the Company's products by consumers, physicians or patients will depend on distribution channels (i.e. pharmacies, retail chains) accepting the product for sale.

## **Litigation**

From time-to-time, during the ordinary course of business, Crescita may be threatened with, or named as, a defendant in various legal proceedings including lawsuits based upon product liability, personal injury, breach of contract and lost profits or other consequential damage claims. Although the outcome of such matters is not predictable with assurance, the Company has no reason to believe that the disposition of any such current matter could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or the ability to carry on any of its business activities.

## **Liquidity**

Crescita was economically dependent on, and had historically relied on, Nuvo for funding to support its operations. On March 1, 2016, the Reorganization was completed and Crescita received \$35.0 million from Nuvo to fund its operations.

As at June 30, 2017, Crescita had an accumulated deficit of \$35.6 million, including a net loss of \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. As at June 30, 2017, the Company had cash and short-term investments of \$12.7 million of which \$8.6 million was restricted cash, held in short-term investments, guaranteeing the loan and \$4.1 million was cash available for operations. In August 2017, the restriction on the cash was lifted. (See Subsequent Events – Amended Terms to Knight Loan)

The Company anticipates that its current cash and the revenue it expects to generate from product sales, upfront and milestone payments related to out-licensing its products, in addition to royalty payments on the

global net sales of Pliaglis, may not be able to fund Crescita's operations as currently planned through the first half of 2018. Additional funding may be required for the development of new products and/or for future acquisitions. Unexpected increases in Crescita's costs and expenses due to operational decisions made by the Company and/or factors beyond the Company's control could cause its cash resources to be depleted or profitability not being achieved.

Crescita's ability to continue as a going concern depends on:

- its ability to secure additional licensing fees, secure co-development agreements, obtain additional capital when required, obtain regulatory approval for other drugs and ultimately achieve profitable operations;
- market acceptance of the Company's products by consumers, physicians or patients will depend on distribution channels (i.e. pharmacies, retail chains) accepting the product for sale; and
- its ability to advance the development of its pipeline products to significant milestones that are financeable.

As there can be no certainty as to the outcome of the above matters, there is material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

There can be no assurance that Crescita will have sufficient capital to fund its ongoing operations or develop or commercialize any further products or make product acquisitions without future financings. The Company successfully filed its Business Acquisition Report (the BAR) with respect to the acquisition of INTEGA on June 22, 2017 and is now able to issue securities qualified by a prospectus or raise funds by way of a private placement. Crescita also successfully renegotiated the Knight Loan on August 14, 2017, resulting in the release of the associated letter of credit and restricted cash thereby freeing up cash for funding operations and growth. There remains the possibility; however, that Crescita may not achieve profitability and positive cash flow before it requires further financings and that should it require further funding, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to secure future adequate debt or equity financing on acceptable terms or at all. The credit ratings that Crescita might obtain in connection with any debt financing may make securing debt financing prohibitive.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements do not include adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

## Selected Financial Information

in thousands (except per share data)

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
<b>Operations</b>	\$	\$	\$	\$
Product sales	2,013	-	4,000	-
Out-licensing revenue	2,751	9	2,791	51
Services revenue	94	89	147	142
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>4,858</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>6,938</b>	<b>193</b>
Total operating expenses	4,317	2,395	9,488	7,068
<b>Profit (loss) from operations</b>	<b>541</b>	<b>(2,297)</b>	<b>(2,550)</b>	<b>(6,875)</b>
Other expenses	3	43	42	418
<b>Net income (loss) from continuing operations</b>	<b>538</b>	<b>(2,340)</b>	<b>(2,592)</b>	<b>(7,293)</b>
<b>Net loss from discontinued operations</b>	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(739)</b>	<b>(101)</b>	<b>(1,844)</b>
<b>Net income (loss)</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>(3,079)</b>	<b>(2,693)</b>	<b>(9,137)</b>
Unrealized (losses) gains on translation of foreign operations	(21)	20	(19)	132
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>(3,059)</b>	<b>(2,712)</b>	<b>(9,005)</b>
<b>Share Information<sup>(1)</sup></b>				
Net income (loss) per common share from continuing operations				
Basic and diluted	0.04	(0.20)	(0.19)	(0.64)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period				
Basic and diluted	13,935	11,487	13,935	11,391

<sup>(1)</sup> Under the terms of the Arrangement, Crescita issued 11.5 million common shares on March 1, 2016. Prior to the Arrangement, the Company used Nuvo's weighted average number of common shares outstanding to compute net loss per common share.

	As at June 30, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
<b>Financial Position</b>	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	4,112	9,807
Restricted short-term investments	8,551	8,551
Total assets	35,555	41,216
Other obligations, including current portion	986	2,035
Long-term debt, including current portion	7,832	8,164
Total liabilities	13,147	16,210
Total equity	22,408	25,006

### Non-IFRS Financial Measure

Crescita discloses non-IFRS measures that do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS, but are considered useful by management, investors and other financial stakeholders to assess Crescita's performance and management from a financial and operational standpoint. Total operating expenses is defined as the sum of: cost of goods sold (COGS), R&D expenses, selling, general and administrative (SG&A)

expenses, interest expense and interest income. Profit (loss) from operations is defined as total revenue, less total operating expenses. Crescita considers these to be useful measures, as they provide investors with an indication of the operating performance of Crescita before considering gains or losses from foreign exchange or items that are non-recurring transactions.

### Fluctuations in Operating Results

Crescita's results of operations have fluctuated significantly from period-to-period in the past and are likely to do so in the future. Crescita anticipates that its quarterly and annual results of operations will be impacted for the foreseeable future by several factors including the timing and amount of product sales, royalties and other payments received pursuant to current and future operations and collaborations and licensing arrangements and the progress and timing of expenditures related to integration and R&D efforts. Due to these fluctuations, Crescita believes that the period-to-period comparisons of its operating results are not necessarily a good indicator of future performance.

## Results of Operations

### Revenue

in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Product sales	2,013	-	4,000	-
Out-licensing revenue	2,751	9	2,791	51
Services revenue	94	89	147	142
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>4,858</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>6,938</b>	<b>193</b>

### Product Sales

Product sales were \$2.0 million and \$4.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

Product sales consist of the sale of non-prescription skincare products from the INTEGA Acquisition. Product sales also included custom products manufactured for certain customers. Crescita recognizes revenue from the sale of products when the goods are shipped or received by the customers depending on the specific arrangement.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, product sales derived from the Company's current four largest customers represented 12% and 13% of product sales.

### Out-licensing Revenue

Out-licensing revenue, which includes upfront payments, milestones and royalties received from the Company's licensees were \$2.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$9,000 and \$51,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. Crescita received an upfront payment of US\$2.0 million (\$2.7 million) pursuant to the agreement with Taro for the exclusive rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis and Flexicaine in the U.S. Taro plans to launch the sales and marketing for Pliaglis in the U.S. in early 2018 and is now responsible for all matters related to Pliaglis in the U.S.

Revenues from royalties were \$51,000 for the current quarter and \$91,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2017. All royalty revenue to-date relates to the global net sales of Pliaglis by Galderma determined using agreed upon formulas based on the definition of the licensee's net sales as defined in the licensing agreement. Crescita recognizes royalty revenue based on the net sales of the licensee. In December 2015, the Company reacquired the development and marketing rights for Pliaglis for the U.S., Canada and Mexico. Since the reacquisition of the North American Rights, the Company now earns a single-digit royalty on Galderma's net sales.

## Services Revenue

Effective March 1, 2016, Nuvo and Crescita entered into a reciprocal transitional services agreement with a term of 18 months. Under the transitional services agreement, Crescita provided Nuvo corporate-level employee services, R&D support, and facility and equipment rental. Crescita earned \$52,000 and \$0.1 million for services provided to Nuvo during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

The Company also recorded \$42,000 for development services provided to Taro in accordance with the fee-for-service development agreement for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, whereby, the Company provides services related to the further development of Pliaglis and Flexicaine.

## Operating Expenses

in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cost of goods sold	903	-	1,914	-
Research and development	304	503	690	1,258
Selling, general and administrative	3,088	1,943	6,813	5,863
Interest expense	45	5	119	12
Interest income	(23)	(56)	(48)	(65)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>4,317</b>	<b>2,395</b>	<b>9,488</b>	<b>7,068</b>

Total operating expenses for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 were \$4.3 million and \$9.5 million compared to \$2.4 million and \$7.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

Prior to March 1, 2016, operating expenses, including R&D and SG&A, included certain costs paid for Crescita by Nuvo. These cost allocations have been determined on a basis considered by Crescita and Nuvo to be a reasonable reflection of the services provided by Nuvo to Crescita.

## Cost of Goods Sold

COGS, related to product sales resulting from the INTEGA Acquisition, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.9 million and \$1.9 million. The Company did not have any product sales from continuing operations in the comparative three and six-month periods. Gross margin on product sales was \$1.1 million and \$2.1 million or 55% and 52% for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. Excluding fair value adjustments to inventory, the gross margin for the current three and six-month periods was \$1.1 million and \$2.5 million or 55% and 61%. Product mix has a considerable impact on the Company's gross margins and these will fluctuate over time.

## Research and Development

R&D expenses were \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$0.5 million and \$1.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. R&D expenses included allocated costs that were incurred prior to March 1, 2016.

R&D expenditures vary depending on the stage of development of products and candidates in Crescita's pipeline and management's allocation of Crescita's resources to these activities in general and to each product specifically.

In the current and comparative quarters, the Company incurred costs related to the advancement of formulations for the Ferndale Collaboration. The comparative quarter also included costs incurred for the development of new indications of Flexicaine. The decrease in R&D expenses for the current quarter also reflected the synergies resulting from the continued consolidation of R&D activities at the Laval facility, partially offset by costs for the reformulation of the INTEGA products.

### Selling, General and Administrative

SG&A expenses were \$3.1 million and \$6.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$1.9 million and \$5.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The current quarter reflected the inclusion of INTEGA's operations while the comparative quarter included professional and consulting fees in relation to the Reorganization, as well as transaction fees related to the sale of the Immunology Group's manufacturing operations. The Company anticipates a reduction in SG&A costs going forward as the Company realizes the impact of synergies and benefits related to integration effort.

### Interest

Interest expense was \$45,000 and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, compared to \$5,000 and \$12,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, and relates to the Knight Loan, net of amortization of the fair value premium. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, interest expense included non-cash accretion charges on the five-year consulting agreement as part of the consideration paid for the 2011 acquisition of the non-controlling interest in Nuvo Research AG.

Interest income was \$23,000 and \$48,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$56,000 and \$65,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company earns interest income on its cash balances held primarily with Schedule 1 Canadian banks.

### Other Expenses

in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Foreign currency loss	3	43	42	418
<b>Total other expenses</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>418</b>

### Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Total comprehensive income was \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and total comprehensive loss was \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Total comprehensive loss was \$3.1 million and \$9.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The current quarter included an unrealized gain of \$21,000 on the translation of foreign operations compared to an unrealized loss of \$20,000 for the comparative quarter. The current six-month period included an unrealized gain of \$19,000 on the translation of foreign operations compared to an unrealized loss of \$0.1 million for the comparative six-month period.

### Foreign Currency Loss

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company incurred a net foreign currency loss of \$3,000 and \$42,000 compared to \$43,000 and \$0.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The comparative six-month period included a loss of \$0.4 million the Company realized on U.S. dollar cash balances that were transferred from Nuvo to Crescita as part of the Reorganization.

## Net Income (Loss) and Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)

in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	538	(2,340)	(2,592)	(7,293)
Net loss from discontinued operations	(38)	(739)	(101)	(1,844)
Net income (loss)	500	(3,079)	(2,693)	(9,137)
Unrealized (losses) gains on translation of foreign operations	(21)	20	(19)	132
<b>Total comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>(3,059)</b>	<b>(2,712)</b>	<b>(9,005)</b>

### Net Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations

Net income from continuing operations was \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and net loss from continuing operations was \$2.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Net loss from continuing operations was \$2.3 million and \$7.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. Net income in the current quarter was a result of the upfront payment from Taro for the exclusive rights to sell and market Pliaglis and Flexicaine in the U.S. The loss in the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 was higher as a result of costs related to the Reorganization, as well as transactional costs.

### Net Loss from Discontinued Operations

Net loss from discontinued operations was \$38,000 and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$0.7 million and \$1.8 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. The Company incurred additional unforeseen costs in the current quarter to complete the requisite regulatory filings required as part of the wind-down process for the Immunology Group. The improvement in net loss from discontinued operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 resulted from the cancellation of the Immunology Group's R&D programs, as part of the orderly wind-down which commenced during the second half of 2016. In the comparative periods, net loss was attributable to the development of WF10 and the 2015 WF10 trial.

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
in thousands	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>Discontinued Operations</b>				
Product sales	-	53	-	189
Services revenue	-	3	-	3
<b>Total revenue</b>	-	56	-	192
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>44</b>	799	<b>107</b>	2,022
Foreign currency gain	(6)	(4)	(6)	(13)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	27
<b>Net loss from discontinued operations</b>	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(739)</b>	<b>(101)</b>	<b>(1,844)</b>

### Net Income (Loss)

Net income was \$0.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to a net loss of \$3.1 million in the comparative quarter, primarily resulting from the upfront payment from Taro, offset by the net loss from discontinued operations of \$0.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. Net loss was \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$9.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was higher by \$4.7 million from continuing operations and \$1.7 million from discontinued operations as discussed above.

## Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

share figures in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net income (loss) per common share from continuing operations				
- basic and diluted	0.04	(0.20)	(0.19)	(0.64)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
- basic and diluted	13,935	11,487	13,935	11,391

Net income (loss) per share from continuing operations was \$0.04 and \$(0.19) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$(0.20) and \$(0.64) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016.

The Company issued 11.5 million common shares on March 1, 2016 and a further 2.4 million in conjunction with the INTEGA Acquisition. The weighted average number of shares outstanding on a basic and diluted basis was 13.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to 11.5 million and 11.4 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016. Prior to the Reorganization, the Company used Nuvo's weighted average number of common shares outstanding to compute net loss per common share.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

in thousands

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	538	(2,340)	(2,592)	(7,293)
Net loss from discontinued operations	(38)	(739)	(101)	(1,844)
Items not involving current cash flows	292	104	930	1,035
Cash provided by (used in) operations	792	(2,975)	(1,763)	(8,102)
Net change in non-cash working capital	(1,754)	497	(2,715)	(1,619)
Cash used in operating activities	(962)	(2,478)	(4,478)	(9,721)
Cash used in investing activities	(28)	(39)	(71)	(39)
Cash used in financing activities	(124)	(48)	(1,124)	39,716
Effect of exchange rates on cash	5	(59)	(22)	(464)
Net change in cash during the period	(1,109)	(2,624)	(5,695)	29,492
Cash, beginning of period	5,221	32,594	9,807	478
<b>Cash, end of the period</b>	<b>4,112</b>	<b>29,970</b>	<b>4,112</b>	<b>29,970</b>

## Cash

Cash was \$4.1 million as at June 30, 2017 compared to \$9.8 million at December 31, 2016. Prior to March 1, 2016, Crescita was economically dependent on and relied on Nuvo for funding to support its operations. Under the terms of the Arrangement, on March 1, 2016, Crescita received \$35.0 million from Nuvo to fund its operations.

## Operating Activities

Overall cash used in operating activities was \$1.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$2.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in cash used in operating activities

was mainly a result of the benefit from the current quarter's net income from continuing operations and a decrease in net loss from discontinued operations compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016, offset by a higher investment in working capital compared to comparative quarter. The investment of \$1.8 million in working capital in the current quarter primarily related to the settlement of outstanding liabilities incurred with the INTEGA Acquisition.

Overall cash used in operating activities was \$4.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$9.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. The decrease in cash used in operating activities was mainly related to a decrease in net loss from both continuing and discontinued operations, offset by a \$2.7 million investment in working capital compared to a \$1.6 million investment in working capital in the comparative six-month period. The working capital investment of \$2.7 million in the current six-month period, primarily related to a \$1.7 million increase in inventories to meet planned demand and a \$1.7 million decrease in accounts payables, offset by a \$0.6 million decrease in accounts receivable as a result of improved collections.

### **Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities was \$28,000 and \$71,000 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$39,000 for three and six months ended June 30, 2016. In the current and comparative three and six-month periods, cash used in investing activities was primarily attributable to the acquisition of laboratory equipment.

### **Financing Activities**

Net cash used in financing activities totalled \$0.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 compared to \$48,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2016. In the current quarter, financing activities related to principal repayments against the Knight Loan. In the comparative quarter, financing activities related to payments made towards the five-year consulting agreement as part of the consideration paid for the 2011 acquisition of the non-controlling interest in Nuvo Research AG.

Net cash used in financing activities totalled \$1.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$39.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016. Financing activities in the current six-month period related to \$1.0 million payable on January 22, 2017 relating to a previous acquisition by INTEGA, as well as principal repayments against the Knight Loan. In the comparative six-month period, Crescita received \$35.0 million from Nuvo to fund its operations in accordance with the terms of the Arrangement and funding provided by Nuvo (prior to the Reorganization) was partially offset by payments made towards the five-year consulting agreement recognized as part of the purchase of the non-controlling interest in 2011.

## Selected Quarterly Information

The following is selected quarterly financial information for the Company's continuing operations over the last eight quarterly reporting periods.

	September 30, 2016	December 31, 2016	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
in thousands, except per share data	\$	\$	\$	
Revenue	1,063	2,248	2,080	<b>4,858</b>
Net income (loss) from continuing operations	(2,707)	(4,504)	(3,130)	<b>538</b>
Net income (loss)	(3,050)	(4,563)	(3,193)	<b>500</b>
Net income (loss) per common share from continuing operations				
- basic and diluted	(0.22)	(0.32)	(0.23)	<b>0.04</b>
Net income (loss) per common share				
- basic and diluted	(0.25)	(0.33)	(0.23)	<b>0.04</b>
	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	29	60	95	98
Net loss from continuing operations	(2,255)	(2,461)	(4,953)	(2,340)
Net loss	(3,303)	(4,405)	(6,058)	(3,079)
Net loss per common share from continuing operations				
- basic and diluted	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.44)	(0.20)
Net loss per common share				
- basic and diluted	(0.30)	(0.40)	(0.54)	(0.27)

## Key Developments

During the quarter and prior to the release of the second quarter results:

- Realized a profit in the quarter with net income of \$0.5 million and total revenue of \$4.9 million.
- In April, Crescita entered into a development and commercialization license agreement (the Agreement) with Taro, the Canadian subsidiary of Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd for the exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis® in the U.S. and for a second-generation enhanced version of Pliaglis (Flexicaine). Taro made an upfront payment of US\$2.0 million (\$2.7 million) to Crescita. The Company could also receive up to US\$5.75 million in development and sales milestone payments and tiered royalties on net sales of products licensed under the Agreement. In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office granted a patent relating to the Flexicaine composition resulting in a US\$0.5 million (\$0.6 million) milestone payment from Taro, which is expected to be received during the third quarter.
- On August 14, 2017, Crescita announced it had amended the terms of its loan agreement with Knight. Under the terms of the amended loan agreement, the Company will immediately repay \$2.5 million of the loan (reducing the principal amount to \$4.1 million) and Knight has agreed to release a letter of credit that previously secured the loan in exchange for a general security interest over all of the Company's assets. As a result, the Company now has access to an additional \$6.0 million of its cash to fund its operations (after the repayment described above), that was previously restricted under the terms of the letter of credit.

- On August 14, 2017, Crescita announced it had entered into a binding commitment letter with Bloom Burton pursuant to which funds managed by Bloom Burton have agreed to invest \$1.0 million in the Company in exchange for a convertible debenture that will bear interest at 9% (payable in cash) and is convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at a conversion price of \$1.00 per share.
- On August 7, 2017, Crescita announced the acquisition of Alyria® skincare products. Alyria is a high-quality, non-prescription, line of medical skincare products sold into medical spas. The Company purchased Alyria for cash consideration of \$1.7 million, consisting of a combination of fixed cash installments, of which \$0.8 million will be paid in 2017, as well as a royalty agreement based on a threshold of annual net sales of Alyria over a nine-year period starting in 2020.

## Financial Instruments

The fair values of the Company's current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short period to maturity of these instruments.

The fair values of the Company's non-current obligations have been estimated using rates currently available to the Company for obligations with similar terms and remaining maturities. The fair values of these instruments approximate their carrying values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 - determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 - include those where valuations are determined using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant outputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 - valuations are those based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the financial instruments measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position as at:

In thousands	June 30, 2017			December 31, 2016		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Recurring fair value measurements</b>						
Contingent milestone payments relating to the acquisition of INTEGA	-	-	-	-	-	63
SARs	-	25	-	-	229	-

### Valuation Methods and Assumptions

Assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements. The Company reviews the fair value hierarchy classification on a quarterly basis. Changes to the ability to observe valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of levels for certain securities within the fair value hierarchy. The Company did not have any transfer of assets and liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. Accordingly, these estimated values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The estimated fair value amounts can be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies.

Level 2 liabilities include obligations of the Company for the SARs Plan. The fair values of each tranche of SARs issued and outstanding are revalued as at each reporting period using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Level 3 liabilities include obligations of the Company for the milestone payments relating to the acquisition of INTEGA. The fair value of the contingent consideration is revalued as at each reporting period based on management's best estimate of the probability of achieving the milestones, using an appropriate discount rate. A significant increase (decrease) in the probability of achieving a milestone would result in higher (lower) fair value of the contingent consideration liability, while a significant increase (decrease) in the discount rate would result in lower (higher) fair value of the liability. Management has determined that the conditions for the payment of the contingent milestone will not be met and has reflected this change in the results of operations for the year.

## Financial Risk Management

### Risk Factors

The following is a discussion of liquidity, credit and market risks and related mitigation strategies that have been identified. This is not an exhaustive list of all risks nor will the mitigation strategies eliminate all risks listed.

### Liquidity Risk

Prior to the Reorganization, the Company was economically dependent on, and has historically relied on, Nuvo for funding to support its operations. Under the terms of the Arrangement, Nuvo transferred \$35.0 million of cash to the Company to provide working capital. The Company anticipates that its current cash and the revenue it expects to generate from product sales and upfront and milestone payments related to out-licensing its products, in addition to royalty payments on the global net sales of Pliaglis may not fund Crescita's operations as currently planned through the first half of 2018. Additional funding may be required for the development of new products and/or for future acquisitions.

The Company has purchase commitments and minimum future rental payments under operating leases of \$2.4 million that are due in less than one year and \$9.1 million that is payable from 2019 to 2024.

The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the sales growth and profitability of INTEGA which will be impacted by the status of competitive products and the success of the Company in developing and maintaining markets for its products. In addition, a number of other factors will have an impact to liquidity risk including the level of research and development (R&D) expenditures for product candidates, costs associated with maintaining regulatory approvals, the timing of payments received or made under licensing arrangements and the acquisition costs of licenses for new products or technologies.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments that may subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and amounts receivable from global customers. The Company manages its exposure to credit risk by holding cash on deposit in major financial institutions. The Company, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk from its global customers. The accounts receivable are subject to normal industry risks in each geographic region in which the Company operates. In addition, the Company is exposed to credit-related losses on sales to its customers outside North America due to potentially higher risks of enforceability and collectability.

As at June 30, 2017, 21% of accounts receivable related to customers outside North America and the E.U. [December 31, 2016 - 9%].

Pursuant to their collective terms, accounts receivable were aged as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
in thousands	\$	\$
Current	521	476
0-30 days past due	372	783
31-60 days past due	106	235
61-90 days past due	45	143
Over 90 days past due	55	42
	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,679</b>

As at June 30, 2017, the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable was \$0.1 million [December 31, 2016 - \$0.1 million].

### Interest Rate Risk

The Company's long-term debt bears interest at a rate of 9% per year, compounded on a monthly basis. However, if the 1-year LIBOR rate plus 6% exceeds 9% at any interest payment date, interest for that month will be calculated using the 1-year LIBOR rate plus 6% instead of 9%.

### Currency Risk

The Company operates globally, which gives rise to a risk that earnings and cash flows may be adversely affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company is primarily exposed to the U.S. dollar and euro, but also transacts in other foreign currencies. The Company currently does not use financial instruments to hedge these risks. The significant balances in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Euros		U.S. Dollars	
	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
in thousands	€	€	\$	\$
Cash	13	50	630	1,680
Accounts receivable	-	-	99	66
Other current assets	8	126	2	90
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(43)	(51)	(619)	(522)
Other short-term obligations	-	(4)	-	(35)
	<b>(22)</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>1,279</b>

Based on the aforementioned net exposure as at June 30, 2017, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 10% appreciation or depreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar would have an effect of \$15,000 on total comprehensive income (loss) and a 10% appreciation or depreciation of the Canadian dollar against the euro would have an effect of \$3,000 on total comprehensive income (loss).

In terms of the euro, the Company had one significant exposure: its net investment and net cash flows in its European operations, which were discontinued on July 11, 2016. In terms of the U.S. dollar, the Company has four significant exposures: its net investment and net cash flows in its U.S. operations, its product sales to U.S. customers, royalties from licensing agreement with Galderma S.A. (Galderma) and Taro regarding Pliaglis and the cost of running trials and other studies at U.S. sites.

The Company does not actively hedge any of its foreign currency exposures given the relative risk of currency versus other risks the Company faces and the cost of establishing the necessary credit facilities and purchasing financial instruments to mitigate or hedge these exposures. As a result, the Company does not attempt to hedge its net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

## Commitments

The Company has purchase commitments and minimum future rental payments under operating leases for the twelve months ending June 30 as follows:

	<b>Purchase Obligations</b>	<b>Operating Leases</b>	<b>Total</b>
in thousands	\$	\$	\$
2018	1,909	495	2,404
2019	2,344	395	2,739
2020	2,955	398	3,353
2021	1,670	401	2,071
2022	-	402	402
2023 and thereafter	-	504	504
	<b>8,878</b>	<b>2,595</b>	<b>11,473</b>

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, payments under operating leases totalled \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million [\$84,000 and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016]. The comparative three and six-month periods included a portion of Nuvo's corporate office lease during the carve-out period, which had been allocated to the Company prior to March 1, 2016.

### Guarantees

The Company periodically enters into research, licensing, distribution or supply agreements with third parties that include indemnification provisions that are customary in the industry. These guarantees generally require the Company to compensate the other party for certain damages and costs incurred as a result of third-party intellectual property claims or damages arising from these transactions. In some cases, the maximum potential amount of future payments that could be required under these indemnification provisions is unlimited. These indemnification provisions generally survive termination of the underlying agreements. The nature of the intellectual property indemnification obligations prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay. Historically, the Company has not made any indemnification payments under such agreements and no amount has been accrued in the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements with respect to these indemnification obligations.

## Subsequent Events

### ***Pliaglis and Flexicaine Out-licensing***

In April 2017, the Company entered the Agreement with Taro, the Canadian subsidiary of Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. Under the terms of the Agreement, Crescita has granted Taro an exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis in the U.S. market and for a second-generation enhanced version of Pliaglis (Flexicaine). Crescita retains all rights to Pliaglis in Canada and Mexico. In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office has granted U.S. Patent No. 9,693,976, entitled "Solid-Forming Local Anesthetic Formulations for Pain Control" relating to the Flexicaine composition. Under the terms of the Agreement, the grant of the Flexicaine U.S. patent entitles Crescita to a US\$0.5 million (\$0.6 million) milestone payment that it expects to receive from Taro during the third quarter.

### ***Acquisition of Alyria Skincare Products***

On August 8, 2017, the Company announced that its wholly owned subsidiary, INTEGA, acquired the Alyria skincare line of products from Sanofi Consumer Health Inc. Alyria is a high-quality, non-prescription, line of medical skincare products sold into medical spas. The product is highly complementary to INTEGA's Pro-Derm product offering and will be sold through Crescita's existing sales force. The Company purchased Alyria for cash consideration of \$1.7 million, consisting of a combination of fixed cash installments, of which \$0.8 million will be paid in 2017, as well as a royalty agreement based on a threshold of annual net sales of Alyria over a nine-year period starting in 2020.

### ***Amended Terms to Knight Loan***

On August 14, 2017, the Company entered into an amended loan agreement with Knight. The Company assumed approximately \$6.8 million (currently \$6.6 million of principal outstanding) of the Knight Loan, which was secured by a letter of credit issued by a Canadian chartered bank on the Company's behalf. The letter of credit was secured by cash held in the Company's account with the bank (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Amended Terms to Knight Loan).

### ***Commitment Letter - Convertible Debenture Financing***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced that funds associated with Bloom Burton & Co. (Bloom Burton) have agreed to invest \$1.0 million in the Company in exchange for a convertible debenture that will bear interest at 9% (payable in cash) and will be convertible into common shares at the option of the holder at an initial conversion price of \$1.00 per share (subject to customary adjustments) (See Significant Transactions – 2017 – Commitment Letter – Convertible Debenture Financing).

### ***New Warrants***

The Company issued 396,000 common share purchase warrants to Knight, 216,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share and the other 180,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, in each case for a period of six years. Concurrent with the issuance of those warrants, Knight surrendered and cancelled the 293,163 common share purchase warrants it previously held. Subject to closing of the convertible debenture financing, the Company has agreed to issue to the Bloom Burton funds, an aggregate of 100,000 common share purchase warrants which are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share.

### ***Agreement with Certain Former INTEGA Shareholders***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced it had entered into an agreement with certain parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement (who represent a majority of certain former INTEGA shareholders) pursuant to which those parties have agreed with the Company that none of them will be entitled to any further payments from Crescita under the INTEGA purchase agreement. The Company and the other parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement have agreed to defer the date for final payment of the purchase price for the INTEGA acquisition until at least September 10, 2017, while discussions are ongoing to reach a similar agreement.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

Crescita does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

## **Related Party Transactions**

### **Transition Services**

#### **Nuvo Pharmaceuticals Inc.**

Prior to the completion of the Arrangement on March 1, 2016, Nuvo was considered a related party due to its parent-subsidary relationship with the Crescita entities.

Subsequent to the Reorganization, Nuvo and the Company were related parties due to shared key management personnel. Effective March 1, 2016, Nuvo and the Company entered into a reciprocal transitional services agreement with a term of 18 months. Under the transitional services agreement, (a) Nuvo provided Crescita corporate-level employee services, quality assurance support and facility rental, and (b) Crescita provided Nuvo corporate-level employee services, R&D support and facility and equipment rental.

As a result of the restructuring of key management personnel in 2017, Nuvo and Crescita are no longer related parties.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, fees for services provided to Nuvo were \$52,000 and \$0.1 million and services received from Nuvo were \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million.

## Expense Allocations

For the periods prior to March 1, 2016, the Company's accounts reflect Nuvo's drug development operations as if it had always operated as a stand-alone entity. The financial results for the periods prior to March 1, 2016 represent the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Nuvo's drug development operations on a combined carve-out basis.

Allocations reflected in SG&A expenses totalled \$2.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and allocations reflected in R&D expenses totalled \$0.2 million for the same period.

Crescita and Nuvo considered these general corporate expense allocations to be a reasonable reflection of the underlying nature of the operations of these entities and of the utilization of services provided. The allocations may not, however, reflect the expense Crescita would have incurred as a stand-alone company. Actual costs which may have been incurred if Crescita had been a stand-alone public company in 2016 would depend on a number of factors, including how Crescita chose to organize itself, what if any functions were outsourced or performed by Crescita employees and strategic decisions in areas such as infrastructure.

## Outstanding Share Data

In connection with the Reorganization, and under the terms of the Arrangement, each Nuvo Research Inc. share certificate existing on March 1, 2016 became a common share of Nuvo and the right to receive a share certificate of a Crescita common share. The number of common shares outstanding as at June 30, 2017 was 13.9 million.

Pursuant to the Arrangement, each Nuvo Research Inc. stock option issued and outstanding at the effective date of the Arrangement was exchanged for one Post-Arrangement stock option issued by Nuvo and one Post-Arrangement stock option issued by Crescita. As at June 30, 2017, there were 1,917,897 options outstanding of which 779,229 have vested.

Pursuant to the Arrangement, each Nuvo Research Inc. SAR issued and outstanding at the effective date of the Arrangement was exchanged for one Post-Arrangement SAR issued by Nuvo and one Post-Arrangement SAR issued by Crescita. As at June 30, there were 170,635 SARs outstanding. The shareholders of Nuvo Research Inc. approved a resolution on February 18, 2016 to allow SARs to be equity settled.

## Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Crescita's actual results could differ from these estimates and such differences could be material. All significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 4 - *Summary of Significant Accounting Policies* of the annual restated Consolidated Financial Statements.

## Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) or IFRS Interpretations Committee. The standards impacted that may be applicable to the Company are as follows:

### IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 9 - *Financial Instruments* (IFRS 9), which will replace IAS 39 - *Financial Instruments* and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. This

new standard is effective for the Company's interim and annual Consolidated Financial Statements commencing January 1, 2018. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (IFRS 15), which covers principles for reporting about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. Entities will transition following either a full or modified retrospective approach. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### IFRS 16 - Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 - *Leases* (IFRS 16), its new leases standard that requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for most leases on their balance sheets. Lessees applying IFRS 16 will have a single accounting model for all leases, with certain exemptions. Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged. The new standard will be effective from January 1, 2019, with limited early application permitted. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Amendments to IFRS 2 - Share-based Payments

In June 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 2 - *Share-based Payments* (IFRS 2), clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for: the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments to IFRS 2 are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company is currently in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

## **Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Disclosure controls and procedures (DCP) are designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its filings under Canadian securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner. The system of DCP includes, among other things, the Company's Corporate Disclosure and Code of Conduct and Business Ethics policies, the review and approval procedures of the Corporate Disclosure Committee and continuous review and monitoring procedures by senior management.

Management, under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), have designed, or caused to be designed, internal controls over financial reporting (ICFR) in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

Due to its inherent limitations, DCP and ICFR may not prevent or detect all misstatements, errors and fraud. In addition, the design of any system of control is based upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all future events, no matter how remote or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may not deteriorate. Accordingly, even effective DCP and ICFR can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the control objectives for financial and other reporting.

The CEO and CFO have limited the scope of their design of DCP and ICFR to exclude controls, policies and procedures of INTEGA, which was acquired on September 1, 2016. This scope limitation is in accordance with

section 3.3(1)(b) of NI 52-109, which allows for an issuer to limit the design of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting for a business that the issuer acquired not more than 365 days before the last day of the period covered by this MD&A.

INTEGA's contribution to the overall consolidated financial statements of Crescita for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 was approximately 41% and 58% of consolidated revenues and 0% of consolidated net income for the three months ended and 74% of consolidated net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2017. Additionally, as at June 30, 2017, INTEGA's current assets and current liabilities were approximately 34% and 68% of consolidated current assets and current liabilities and its non-current assets and non-current liabilities were approximately 58% and 84% of consolidated non-current assets and non-current liabilities

There were no material changes in the Company's ICFR that occurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017.

## **Risk Factors**

An investment in the securities of the Company is speculative and involves a high degree of risk. An investor should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties discussed in detail in the Restated MD&A filed on SEDAR on May 15, 2017 for the year ended December 31, 2016 and the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's AIF filed March 30, 2017 before making an investment decision.

## **Additional Information**

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's most recently filed AIF, can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

**CRESCITA THERAPEUTICS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

<i>(Canadian dollars in thousands)</i>	<i>Notes</i>	As at June 30, 2017	As at December 31, 2016
		\$	\$
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>CURRENT</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	18, 21	4,112	9,807
Restricted short-term investments	10, 18	8,551	8,551
Accounts receivable	18, 20	1,099	1,679
Inventories	6	4,205	2,982
Other current assets	7	1,229	1,353
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>		<b>19,196</b>	<b>24,372</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	8	774	810
Intangible assets	9	9,390	9,839
Goodwill		6,195	6,195
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<b>35,555</b>	<b>41,216</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>			
<b>CURRENT</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13, 18	4,329	6,011
Current portion of long-term debt	10, 18	989	723
Current portion of other obligations	11, 18	986	1,000
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		<b>6,304</b>	<b>7,734</b>
Long-term debt	10, 18, 21	6,843	7,441
Other obligations	11, 18	-	1,035
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<b>13,147</b>	<b>16,210</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Common shares issued and to be issued	12	56,425	56,425
Contributed surplus	13	473	359
Accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI)		1,145	1,164
Deficit		(35,635)	(32,942)
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<b>22,408</b>	<b>25,006</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>		<b>35,555</b>	<b>41,216</b>

Commitments (Note 17)  
See accompanying Notes.

**CRESCITA THERAPEUTICS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF INCOME (LOSS) AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

	Notes	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
<i>(Canadian dollars in thousands, except per share and share figures)</i>		\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>REVENUE</b>					
Product sales	19	2,013	-	4,000	-
Out-licensing revenue	19	2,751	9	2,791	51
Services revenue	19, 20	94	89	147	142
<b>Total revenue</b>		<b>4,858</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>6,938</b>	<b>193</b>
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>					
Cost of goods sold	6, 15	903	-	1,914	-
Research and development	13, 15, 20	304	503	690	1,258
Selling, general and administrative	13, 15, 20	3,088	1,943	6,813	5,863
Interest expense	10, 11	45	5	119	12
Interest income		(23)	(56)	(48)	(65)
<b>Total operating expenses</b>		<b>4,317</b>	<b>2,395</b>	<b>9,488</b>	<b>7,068</b>
<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>					
Foreign currency loss		3	43	42	418
<b>NET INCOME (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>		<b>538</b>	<b>(2,340)</b>	<b>(2,592)</b>	<b>(7,293)</b>
<b>NET LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	5	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(739)</b>	<b>(101)</b>	<b>(1,844)</b>
<b>NET INCOME (LOSS)</b>		<b>500</b>	<b>(3,079)</b>	<b>(2,693)</b>	<b>(9,137)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (loss) to be reclassified to net loss (loss) in subsequent periods</b>					
Unrealized (loss) gain on translation of foreign operations		(21)	20	(19)	132
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)</b>		<b>479</b>	<b>(3,059)</b>	<b>(2,712)</b>	<b>(9,005)</b>
<b>Net Income (loss) per common share from continuing operations</b>					
- basic and diluted	14	<b>0.04</b>	<b>(0.20)</b>	<b>(0.19)</b>	<b>(0.64)</b>
<b>Net loss per common share from discontinued operations</b>					
- basic and diluted	5, 14	-	<b>(0.06)</b>	<b>(0.01)</b>	<b>(0.16)</b>
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in thousands)</b>					
- basic and diluted	14	<b>13,935</b>	<b>11,487</b>	<b>13,935</b>	<b>11,391</b>

See accompanying Notes.

**CRESCITA THERAPEUTICS INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

	Common Shares		Contributed Surplus	Deficit	Owner's Net Investment	AOCI	Total
	000s	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Notes	1, 12, 13	1, 12, 13	12, 13			
<i>(Canadian dollars in thousands, except for number of shares)</i>							
Balance, December 31, 2015	-	-	-	-	(4,425)	1,059	(3,366)
Net loss	-	-	-	-	(3,180)	-	(3,180)
Net adjustments to owner's net investment	-	-	-	-	4,830	-	4,830
Cash transferred from Nuvo Research Inc. (Nuvo) in connection with the Arrangement	-	-	-	-	35,016	-	35,016
Issuance of common stock and reclassification of owner's net investment to deficit in connection with the Arrangement	11,487	51,613	-	(19,372)	(32,241)	-	-
Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	48	48
Balance, March 1, 2016	11,487	51,613	-	(19,372)	-	1,107	33,348
Net loss	-	-	-	(2,878)	-	-	(2,878)
Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	64	64
Balance, March 31, 2016	11,487	51,613	-	(22,250)	-	1,171	30,534
Net loss	-	-	-	(3,079)	-	-	(3,079)
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	37	-	-	-	37
Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	20	20
Balance, June 30, 2016	11,487	51,613	37	(25,329)	-	1,191	27,512
Net loss	-	-	-	(7,613)	-	-	(7,613)
Issuance of shares on acquisition	2,402	3,988	-	-	-	-	3,988
Future issuance of shares on acquisition	470	779	-	-	-	-	779
Share-based option exercise	46	45	-	-	-	-	45
Issuance of warrants	-	-	211	-	-	-	211
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	111	-	-	-	111
Unrealized losses on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(27)	(27)
Balance, December 31, 2016	14,405	56,425	359	(32,942)	-	1,164	25,006
Net loss	-	-	-	(3,193)	-	-	(3,193)
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	77	-	-	-	77
Unrealized gain on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Balance, March 31, 2017	14,405	56,425	436	(36,135)	-	1,166	21,892
Net income	-	-	-	500	-	-	500
Share-based compensation expense	-	-	37	-	-	-	37
Unrealized loss on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	-	(21)	(21)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>14,405</b>	<b>56,425</b>	<b>473</b>	<b>(35,635)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,145</b>	<b>22,408</b>

See accompanying Notes.

**CRESCITA THERAPEUTICS INC.  
CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

		Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
		2017	2016	2017	2016
<i>(Canadian dollars in thousands)</i>	<b>Notes</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Net income (loss) from continuing operations		538	(2,340)	(2,592)	(7,293)
Net loss from discontinued operations		(38)	(739)	(101)	(1,844)
Items not involving current cash flows:					
Depreciation and amortization	8, 9, 15	275	12	556	21
Equity-settled share-based compensation	13	37	37	114	66
Unrealized foreign exchange (gains) losses		(19)	48	12	567
Inventory write-down	6	158	2	134	342
Fixed asset impairment		-	-	-	27
Fair value of milestones	11	(63)	-	(63)	-
Accretion of long-term consulting agreement		-	5	-	12
Accretion on fair value of inventory		-	-	371	-
Accretion and amortization of debt premium	10, 11	(96)	-	(194)	-
		<b>792</b>	(2,975)	<b>(1,763)</b>	(8,102)
Net change in non-cash working capital	16	<b>(1,754)</b>	497	<b>(2,715)</b>	(1,619)
<b>CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>(962)</b>	(2,478)	<b>(4,478)</b>	(9,721)
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	8	(28)	(39)	(71)	(39)
<b>CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>(28)</b>	(39)	<b>(71)</b>	(39)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>					
Additional net investment from Nuvo prior to the Arrangement		-	-	-	4,801
Cash transferred from Nuvo per the Arrangement	1	-	-	-	35,016
Payments under other obligations related to previous acquisition by INTEGA	11	-	-	(1,000)	-
Principal repayments on long-term debt	10	(124)	-	(124)	-
Payments under long-term consulting agreement	11	-	(48)	-	(101)
<b>CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		<b>(124)</b>	(48)	<b>(1,124)</b>	39,716
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		5	(59)	(22)	(464)
Net change in cash during the period		<b>(1,109)</b>	(2,624)	<b>(5,695)</b>	29,492
Cash, beginning of period		<b>5,221</b>	32,594	<b>9,807</b>	478
<b>CASH, END OF PERIOD</b>		<b>4,112</b>	29,970	<b>4,112</b>	29,970
<i>Interest paid <sup>(i)</sup></i>		<b>202</b>	-	<b>305</b>	-
<i>Interest received <sup>(i)</sup></i>		<b>6</b>	48	<b>50</b>	92

<sup>(i)</sup> Amounts paid and received were reflected as operating cash flows in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows.

See accompanying Notes.

**CRESCITA THERAPEUTICS™ INC.**  
**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Unless noted otherwise, all amounts shown are in thousands of Canadian dollars

## 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Crescita Therapeutics Inc. (Crescita or the Company) is a Canadian commercial dermatology company with a portfolio of non-prescription skincare products and prescription drug products for the treatment and care of skin conditions and diseases and their symptoms. Crescita owns multiple proprietary drug delivery platforms that support the development of patented formulations that can facilitate the delivery of active drugs into or through the skin. On September 1, 2016, the Company acquired INTEGA Skin Sciences Inc. (INTEGA) and discontinued the operations of the Immunology Group (see Note 5, *Discontinued Operations*). The Company's registered office is located at 7560 Airport Road, Unit 10, Mississauga, Ontario, L4T 4H4.

### Reorganization

On March 1, 2016, Nuvo Research Inc. (Nuvo) completed a transaction (the Reorganization) pursuant to which Nuvo was reorganized into two separate publicly traded companies, Nuvo and Crescita. The Reorganization proceeded by way of arrangement under the *Canada Business Corporations Act* (the Arrangement). As part of the Reorganization, Nuvo Research Inc. changed its name to "Nuvo Pharmaceuticals Inc." Detailed information regarding the Reorganization and its effects, including a description of certain risks and uncertainties in respect of the Reorganization and the operations of Nuvo and Crescita as separate publicly traded companies, are included in the Management Information Circular of Nuvo dated December 31, 2015 (Nuvo Reorganization Circular) available under Nuvo's profile at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

Prior to the Reorganization, Nuvo operated two distinct business units: Nuvo and Crescita. Nuvo is a commercial healthcare company with a portfolio of commercial products and pharmaceutical manufacturing capabilities. Crescita is a commercial dermatology business that operated two sub-groups: the Topical Products and Technology (TPT) Group and the Immunology Group. The Immunology Group had two commercial products and is presented as discontinued operations in these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements; therefore, the Company is reporting the entire business as one segment.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements present the financial position, results of operations, changes in equity and cash flows of Nuvo's drug development operations as if it had always operated as a stand-alone entity prior to March 1, 2016. The financial results for the periods prior to March 1, 2016 represent the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Nuvo's drug development operations on a combined carve-out basis.

As the financial information prior to March 1, 2016 represents a portion of the business of Nuvo, which was not organized as a stand-alone entity, the net assets of Crescita prior to March 1, 2016 have been reflected as owner's net investment.

Management believes both the assumptions and the allocations underlying the financial information prior to March 1, 2016 are reasonable. However, as a result of the basis of presentation described above, the financial information prior to March 1, 2016 may not necessarily be indicative of the operating results and financial position that would have resulted had Crescita historically operated as a stand-alone entity.

## 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### **Statement of Compliance**

The Company prepares its Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements in accordance with IAS 34 - *Interim Financial Reporting* (IAS 34). Accordingly, these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements do not include all disclosures required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual Restated Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016, which are available on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com).

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were issued and effective as at August 14, 2017, the date the Board of Directors approved these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

### 3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis, which presumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations for the foreseeable future.

As at June 30, 2017, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$35.6 million including a net loss of \$2.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017.

The Company anticipates that its current cash and the revenue it expects to generate from product sales, upfront and milestone payments related to out-licensing its products, in addition to royalty payments on the global net sales of Pliaglis®, may not be able to fund Crescita's operations as currently planned through the first half of 2018. Additional funding may be required for the development of new products and/or for future acquisitions. Unexpected increases in Crescita's costs and expenses due to operational decisions made by the Company and/or factors beyond the Company's control could cause its cash resources to be depleted or profitability not being achieved.

There can be no assurance that Crescita will have sufficient capital to fund its ongoing operations or develop or commercialize any further products or make product acquisitions without future financings. The Company successfully filed its Business Acquisition Report (the BAR) with respect to the acquisition of INTEGA on June 22, 2017 and is now able to issue securities qualified by a prospectus or raise funds by way of a private placement. Crescita also successfully renegotiated its debt with Knight Therapeutics Inc. (Knight), resulting in the release of the associated letter of credit and restricted cash thereby freeing up cash for funding operations and growth (see Note 21, *Subsequent Events*). There remains the possibility; however, that Crescita may not achieve profitability and positive cash flow before it requires further financings and that should it require further funding, there is no assurance that the Company will be able to secure future adequate debt or equity financing on acceptable terms or at all. The credit ratings that Crescita might obtain in connection with any debt financing may make securing debt financing prohibitive.

If adequate funds are not available, Crescita may have to substantially reduce or eliminate planned expenditures, terminate or delay clinical trials for its product candidates, curtail product development programs designed to expand the product pipeline or discontinue certain operations.

As there can be no certainty as to the outcome of the above matters, there is material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All significant accounting policies have been applied on a basis consistent with those followed in the most recent annual Restated Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2016. The policies applied in these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

#### **Basis of Measurement**

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the revaluation of certain financial assets and financial liabilities to fair value. Items included in the financial statements of each consolidated entity in the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency). These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

#### **Use of Estimates and Judgments**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements and the reported amounts of

revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates and such differences could be material.

Key areas of estimation or use of managerial assumptions have been applied on a basis consistent with those described in the most recent annual Restated Consolidated Financial Statements and include revenue recognition for licensing and collaborative agreements, corporate allocations resulting from the Reorganization (see Note 20, *Related Party Transactions*) and acquisition accounting.

### **Basis of Consolidation**

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company's wholly owned Canadian, U.S. and European subsidiaries, as listed below. The financial information prior to March 1, 2016 has been adjusted to remove balances and transactions related to the heated lidocaine/tetracaine patch.

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
INTEGA Skin Sciences Inc.	100%	100%
Nuvo Research America, Inc. and its subsidiaries: Nuvo Research US, Inc., ZARS Pharma, Inc., and ZARS (UK) Limited	100%	100%
Dimethaid Immunology Inc.	100%	100%
Nuvo Research AG and its subsidiary: <sup>(i)</sup> Nuvo Research GmbH	100%	100%

<sup>(i)</sup> On July 11, 2016, the Company sold its German manufacturing operation (see Note 5, *Discontinued Operations*).

The Company controls the subsidiaries above with the power to govern their financial and operating policies. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

### **Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Applied**

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) or IFRS Interpretations Committee. The standards impacted that may be applicable to the Company are as follows:

#### IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

In July 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 9 - *Financial Instruments* (IFRS 9), which will replace IAS 39 - *Financial Instruments*, and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 establishes principles for the financial reporting of financial assets and financial liabilities that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of the amounts, timing and uncertainty of an entity's future cash flows. This new standard is effective for the Company's interim and annual Consolidated Financial Statements commencing January 1, 2018. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (IFRS 15), which covers principles for reporting about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. Entities will transition following either a full or modified retrospective approach. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### IFRS 16 - Leases

In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 - *Leases* (IFRS 16), its new leases standard that requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for most leases on their balance sheets. Lessees applying IFRS 16 will have a single accounting model for all leases, with certain exemptions. Lessor accounting is substantially unchanged. The new standard will be effective from January 1, 2019, with limited early application permitted. The Company is in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Amendments to IFRS 2 - Share-based Payments

In June 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 2 - *Share-based Payments* (IFRS 2), clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for: the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments;

share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments to IFRS 2 are effective prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier adoption permitted. The Company is currently in the process of reviewing the standard to determine the impact on the annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued, but have future effective dates, are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's annual Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Company assesses the impact of adoption of future standards on its annual Consolidated Financial Statements, but does not anticipate significant changes in 2017.

## 5. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company has historically reported two operating segments: TPT Group and Immunology Group. During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company discontinued the operations of the Immunology Group.

On July 11, 2016, the Company sold its German manufacturing operation that produced the active ingredient in WF10™ and Oxoferin™ and the intellectual property related to WF10 to Dr. Kuehne, the inventor of WF10, for nominal proceeds. The net assets for the manufacturing plant as at the date of the sale were \$0.1 million. In addition, under the terms of the agreement, the balance of Dr. Kuehne's consulting fees (see Note 11, *Other Obligations*) was paid in full. During the second half of 2016, the Company commenced the wind-down of the Immunology Group operations and expects this process to be completed by early 2018.

Operating results have been restated to reflect the Immunology Group as a discontinued operation. Accordingly, the Immunology Group is no longer presented in Note 19, *Segmented Information*.

The following table presents the effect of the discontinued operations in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss):

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
<b>REVENUE</b>				
Product sales	-	53	-	189
Services revenue	-	3	-	3
<b>Total revenue</b>	-	56	-	192
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>				
Cost of goods sold	-	172	-	641
Research and development expenses	4	556	2	1,231
Selling, general and administrative expenses	40	71	105	150
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	44	799	107	2,022
<b>OTHER EXPENSES</b>				
Foreign currency gain	(6)	(4)	(6)	(13)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment (Note 8)	-	-	-	27
<b>NET LOSS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS</b>	<b>(38)</b>	<b>(739)</b>	<b>(101)</b>	<b>(1,844)</b>
<b>Net loss per common share from discontinued operations</b>				
- basic and diluted	-	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.16)
<b>Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (in thousands)</b>				
- basic and diluted	13,935	11,487	13,935	11,391

The following table presents the effect of the discontinued operations in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash used in operating activities	(26)	(416)	(72)	(1,837)
Cash used in investing activities	-	-	-	-
Cash used in financing activities	-	-	-	-
Net cash outflow	(26)	(416)	(72)	(1,837)

## 6. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following as at:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Raw materials	2,100	1,332
Work-in-process	595	422
Finished goods	1,510	1,228
	<b>4,205</b>	<b>2,982</b>

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, inventories related to continuing operations in the amount of \$0.8 million and \$1.4 million [\$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016] were recognized in cost of goods sold.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million of finished goods related to continuing operations [\$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016] were written down. There were \$nil and \$24 reversals of prior write-downs during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 [\$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016].

## 7. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Other current assets consisted of the following as at:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Deposits	66	298
Sales taxes receivable	921	592
Research and development supplies	66	74
Prepaid expenses	176	389
	<b>1,229</b>	<b>1,353</b>

## 8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment (PP&E) consists of the following as at:

	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Fixtures	Computer Equipment and Software	Production Laboratory and Other Equipment	Total
<b>Cost</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance, December 31, 2016	479	184	1,205	754	2,622
Additions	-	-	2	69	71
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>479</b>	<b>184</b>	<b>1,207</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>2,693</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>					
Balance, December 31, 2016	135	158	871	648	1,812
Depreciation expense	33	2	58	14	107
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>662</b>	<b>1,919</b>
Net book value as at December 31, 2016	344	26	334	106	810
<b>Net book value as at June 30, 2017</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>774</b>

## 9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following as at:

	Product Brands and Formulations	Customer Relationships	License Agreement	Total
<b>Cost</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Balance, December 31, 2016	6,740	3,050	350	10,140
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>6,740</b>	<b>3,050</b>	<b>350</b>	<b>10,140</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>				
Balance, December 31, 2016	187	102	12	301
Amortization expense	280	152	17	449
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>254</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>750</b>
Net book value as at December 31, 2016	6,553	2,948	338	9,839
<b>Net book value as at June 30, 2017</b>	<b>6,273</b>	<b>2,796</b>	<b>321</b>	<b>9,390</b>

## 10. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as at:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>
Knight loan – principal	6,717	6,841
Knight loan – unamortized premium	1,115	1,323
	<b>7,832</b>	<b>8,164</b>
Less current portion	989	723
<b>Long-term balance</b>	<b>6,843</b>	<b>7,441</b>

The Company has a loan with Knight in conjunction with an acquisition made in 2016. The loan is supported by a letter of credit in the amount of \$8.6 million, providing an irrevocable right of payment to Knight in the event of default. These restricted funds are held as short-term investments and are redeemable within one year. Principal payments commenced January 1, 2017 and the loan matures on December 31, 2021. Amortization of the loan premium for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 represented \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million.

In August 2017, the Company entered into an amended loan agreement with Knight (see Note 21, *Subsequent Events*).

## 11. OTHER OBLIGATIONS

Other obligations consist of the following as at:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Payable relating to a previous acquisition by INTEGA	986	1,972
Contingent milestone payments relating to the acquisition of INTEGA	-	63
	<b>986</b>	<b>2,035</b>
Less current portion	986	1,000
<b>Long-term balance</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,035</b>

The Company had recorded a milestone payable relating to the INTEGA acquisition contingent on certain financial targets being achieved by INTEGA in 2017. Management has determined that these conditions will not be met and the recovery of \$63 is reflected in the results of operations for the period.

## 12. SHARE CAPITAL

### Authorized

- Unlimited common shares, voting, without par value
- Unlimited first and second preferred shares, non-voting, non-participating, issuable in series, number, designation, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions are determinable by the Company's Board of Directors

### Issued and Outstanding

The following table summarizes Crescita's outstanding common shares:

	Number 000s	Amount \$
Balance, December 31, 2016	13,935	55,646
<b>Outstanding shares balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>13,935</b>	<b>55,646</b>
Future shares to be issued as consideration	470	779
	<b>14,405</b>	<b>56,425</b>

The Company's board of directors approved an additional 469,473 common shares, valued at \$0.8 million, to be issued as consideration for the acquisition of INTEGA at the Company's Annual General Meeting held in June 2017. In August 2017, Crescita entered into an agreement with certain former INTEGA shareholders with respect to any further payments (see Note 21, *Subsequent Events*).

### 13. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION AND OTHER SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The following is a summary of share-based compensation activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017:

#### *Share Option Plan*

The following is a schedule of Crescita's options outstanding as at:

	Number of Options 000s	Range of Exercise Price \$	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, December 31, 2016	1,353	0.43 - 3.55	1.51
Forfeited	(10)	1.23	1.23
Expired	(5)	1.23	1.23
Balance, March 31, 2017	1,338	0.43 - 3.55	1.51
Granted	623	0.65	0.65
Forfeited	(14)	1.23	1.23
Expired	(29)	3.55	3.55
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>1,918</b>	<b>0.43 - 3.55</b>	<b>1.22</b>

The following table summarizes the outstanding and exercisable Crescita options held by directors, officers, employees and consultants as at June 30, 2017:

Exercise Price Range \$	Number of Options 000s	Outstanding Remaining Contractual Life years	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$	Exercisable	
				Vested Options 000s	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
0.43 - 0.74	866	9.09	0.65	204	0.64
1.21 - 1.42	202	4.77	1.35	191	1.35
1.63 - 1.91	805	6.98	1.69	339	1.77
3.12 - 3.55	45	2.96	3.12	45	3.12
	<b>1,918</b>	<b>7.60</b>	<b>1.22</b>	<b>779</b>	<b>1.45</b>

#### *Share Appreciation Rights Plan*

The following is a schedule of Crescita's Share Appreciation Rights (SARs) as at:

	Number of SARs 000s	Fair Values \$	Accrual \$
Balance, December 31, 2016	417	0.00 - 0.81	229
Settled	(246)	0.40 - 0.74	(129)
Adjustment to market value	-	-	(48)
Balance, March 31, 2017	171	0.00 - 0.57	52
Adjustment to market value	-	-	(27)
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>0.01 - 0.34</b>	<b>25</b>

As at June 30, 2017, a SARs accrual of \$25 was included in Crescita's accounts payable and accrued liabilities [December 31, 2016 - \$0.2 million].

Fair values of each tranche issued and outstanding as at June 30, 2017 were measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following inputs:

SARs Outstanding 000s	Grant Date	Exercise Price \$	Risk-free Interest Rate %	Expected Life years	Volatility Factor %	Fair Values \$
67	April 4, 2014	0.74	0.69	1	58	0.13
104	January 7, 2015	1.58	0.69	1-2	58-140	0.01 – 0.34

### Warrants

The following is a schedule of Crescita's warrants outstanding:

	Number of Warrants 000s	Range of Exercise Price \$	Weighted Average Exercise Price \$
Balance, December 31, 2016	458	2.44	2.44
<b>Balance, June 30, 2017</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>2.44</b>	<b>2.44</b>

The fair value of each tranche is measured at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. There were no warrants granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017. The Company has issued additional warrants and a portion of the warrants outstanding as at June 30, 2017 were surrendered and cancelled (see Note 21, *Subsequent Events*).

### Nuvo Deferred Share Unit Plan

Effective March 1, 2016, Crescita does not have a Deferred Share Unit (DSU) Plan for directors or employees.

Prior to the Arrangement, all costs related to the DSU Plans were allocations from Nuvo and the portion of Nuvo's liability related to Crescita was recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

### Summary of Share-based Compensation

Prior to March 1, 2016, Nuvo's corporate costs allocated to the Company included an amount representing share-based compensation expense. These allocated amounts are included in the following summary of Crescita's share-based compensation expense:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Stock option compensation expense	37	37	114	66
DSUs – adjustment to market value	-	-	-	111
SARs compensation expense	(27)	44	(75)	386
<b>Share-based compensation expense</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>563</b>

*Recorded in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) as follows:*

	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Research and development expenses	6	30	18	95
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4	51	21	468
<b>Share-based compensation expense</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>563</b>

Share-based compensation expense allocated from Nuvo totalled \$0.3 million for the period from January 1, 2016 to February 29, 2016.

#### 14. NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

The following table presents the maximum number of shares that would be outstanding if all dilutive and potentially dilutive instruments were exercised or converted as at:

	June 30, 2017 000s	June 30, 2016 000s
Common shares issued and outstanding (Note 12)	13,935	11,487
Stock options outstanding (Note 13)	1,918	1,599
SARs liability <sup>(i)</sup> (Note 13)	171	495
Warrants (Note 13)	458	-
	<b>16,482</b>	<b>13,581</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> The shareholders of Nuvo approved a resolution on February 18, 2016 to allow SARs to be equity settled.

Under the terms of the Arrangement (see Note 2, *Basis of Preparation*), Crescita issued 11.5 million common shares on March 1, 2016. Prior to the Arrangement, the Company used Nuvo's weighted average number of common shares outstanding to compute net income (loss) per common share.

#### 15. EXPENSES BY NATURE

The Consolidated Interim Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) include the following expenses by nature:

(a) Employee costs from continuing operations:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Short-term employee wages, bonuses and benefits	1,596	878	3,409	1,915
Share-based payments (Note 13)	23	82	72	564
Post-employment benefits	6	7	6	13
Termination benefits	116	-	182	-
<b>Total employee costs</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>3,669</b>	<b>2,492</b>
<b>Included in:</b>				
Cost of goods sold	282	-	600	-
Research and development expenses	217	333	481	704
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,242	634	2,588	1,788
<b>Total employee costs</b>	<b>1,741</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>3,669</b>	<b>2,492</b>

(b) Depreciation and amortization from continuing operations:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Selling, general and administrative expenses <sup>(i)</sup>	275	-	556	13
<b>Total depreciation and amortization</b>	<b>275</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>556</b>	<b>13</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> Selling, general and administrative expenses included \$0.2 million and \$0.4 million of amortization of intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 [\$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016].

## 16. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL

The net change in non-cash working capital consisted of the following:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Accounts receivable	190	759	584	6
Inventories	(40)	29	(1,728)	8
Other current assets	(216)	(104)	124	(533)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,688)	(187)	(1,695)	(1,100)
<b>Net change in non-cash working capital</b>	<b>(1,754)</b>	497	<b>(2,715)</b>	(1,619)

## 17. COMMITMENTS

The Company has purchase commitments and minimum future rental payments under operating leases for the twelve months ending June 30 as follows:

	Purchase Obligations	Operating Leases	Total
	\$	\$	\$
2018	1,909	495	2,404
2019	2,344	395	2,739
2020	2,955	398	3,353
2021	1,670	401	2,071
2022	-	402	402
2023 and thereafter	-	504	504
	8,878	2,595	11,473

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, payments under operating leases totalled \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million [\$84 and \$0.1 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016]. The comparative six-month period included a portion of Nuvo's corporate office lease during the carve-out period, which had been allocated to the Company prior to March 1, 2016.

### Guarantees

The Company periodically enters into research, licensing, distribution or supply agreements with third parties that include indemnification provisions that are customary in the industry. These guarantees generally require the Company to compensate the other party for certain damages and costs incurred as a result of third-party intellectual property claims or damages arising from these transactions. In some cases, the maximum potential amount of future payments that could be required under these indemnification provisions is unlimited. These indemnification provisions generally survive termination of the underlying agreements. The nature of the intellectual property indemnification obligations prevents the Company from making a reasonable estimate of the maximum potential amount it could be required to pay. Historically, the Company has not made any indemnification payments under such agreements and no amount has been accrued in these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements with respect to these indemnification obligations.

## 18. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The fair values of the Company's current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts due to the short period to maturity of these instruments.

The fair values of the Company's non-current obligations have been estimated using rates currently available to the Company for obligations with similar terms and remaining maturities. The fair values of these instruments approximate their carrying values.

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1 - determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.

Level 2 - include those where valuations are determined using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant outputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - valuations are those based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the financial instruments measured at fair value subsequent to initial recognition in the Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position as at:

	June 30, 2017			December 31, 2016		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Recurring fair value measurements</b>						
Contingent milestone payments relating to the acquisition of INTEGA (Note 11)	-	-	-	-	-	63
SARs (Note 13)	-	25	-	-	229	-

### Valuation Methods and Assumptions

Assets and liabilities are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurements. The Company reviews the fair value hierarchy classification on a quarterly basis. Changes to the ability to observe valuation inputs may result in a reclassification of levels for certain securities within the fair value hierarchy. The Company did not have any transfer of assets and liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy during the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. However, considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. Accordingly, these estimated values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The estimated fair value amounts can be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies.

Level 2 liabilities include obligations of the Company for the SARs Plan described in Note 13, *Share-based Compensation and Other Share-based Payments*. The fair values of each tranche of SARs issued and outstanding are revalued as at each reporting period using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Level 3 liabilities include obligations of the Company for the milestone payments relating to the acquisition of INTEGA. The fair value of the contingent consideration is revalued as at each reporting period based on management's best estimate of the probability of achieving the milestones, using an appropriate discount rate. A significant increase (decrease) in the probability of achieving a milestone would result in higher (lower) fair value of the contingent consideration liability, while a significant increase (decrease) in the discount rate would result in lower (higher) fair value of the liability. Management has determined that the conditions for the payment of the contingent milestone will not be met and has reflected this recovery in the results of operations for the year.

### Risk Factors

The following is a discussion of liquidity, credit and market risks and related mitigation strategies that have been identified. This is not an exhaustive list of all risks nor will the mitigation strategies eliminate all risks listed.

### Liquidity Risk

Prior to the Reorganization, the Company was economically dependent on, and has historically relied on, Nuvo for funding to support its operations. Under the terms of the Arrangement, Nuvo transferred \$35.0 million of cash to the Company to provide working capital. The Company anticipates that its current cash and the revenue it expects to generate from product sales and upfront and milestone payments related to out-licensing its products, in addition to royalty payments on the global net sales of Pliaglis may not fund Crescita's operations as currently planned through the first half of 2018. Additional funding may be required for the development of new products and/or for future acquisitions.

The Company has purchase commitments and minimum future rental payments under operating leases of \$2.4 million that are due in less than one year and \$9.1 million that is payable from 2019 to 2024.

The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the sales growth and profitability of INTEGA which will be impacted by the status of competitive products and the success of the Company in developing and maintaining markets for its products. In addition, a number of other factors will have an impact to liquidity risk including the level of research and development (R&D) expenditures for product candidates, costs associated with maintaining regulatory approvals, the timing of payments received or made under licensing arrangements and the acquisition costs of licenses for new products or technologies.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Financial instruments that may subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and amounts receivable from global customers. The Company manages its exposure to credit risk by holding cash on deposit in major financial institutions. The Company, in the normal course of business, is exposed to credit risk from its global customers. The accounts receivable are subject to normal industry risks in each geographic region in which the Company operates. In addition, the Company is exposed to credit-related losses on sales to its customers outside North America due to potentially higher risks of enforceability and collectability.

As at June 30, 2017, 21% of accounts receivable related to customers outside North America and the E.U. [December 31, 2016 - 9%].

Pursuant to their collective terms, accounts receivable were aged as follows:

	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	\$	\$
Current	521	476
0-30 days past due	372	783
31-60 days past due	106	235
61-90 days past due	45	143
Over 90 days past due	55	42
	<b>1,099</b>	<b>1,679</b>

As at June 30, 2017, the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable was \$0.1 million [December 31, 2016 - \$0.1 million].

### Interest Rate Risk

The Company's long-term debt bears interest at a rate of 9% per year, compounded on a monthly basis. However, if the 1-year LIBOR rate plus 6% exceeds 9% at any interest payment date, interest for that month will be calculated using the 1-year LIBOR rate plus 6% instead of 9%.

### Currency Risk

The Company operates globally, which gives rise to a risk that earnings and cash flows may be adversely affected by fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company is primarily exposed to the U.S. dollar and euro, but also transacts in other foreign currencies. The Company currently does not use financial instruments to hedge these risks. The significant balances in foreign currencies were as follows:

	Euros		U.S. Dollars	
	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016	June 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
	€	€	\$	\$
Cash	13	50	630	1,680
Accounts receivable	-	-	99	66
Other current assets	8	126	2	90
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(43)	(51)	(619)	(522)
Other short-term obligations	-	(4)	-	(35)
	<b>(22)</b>	<b>121</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>1,279</b>

Based on the aforementioned net exposure as at June 30, 2017, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 10% appreciation or depreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar would have an effect of

\$15 on total comprehensive income (loss) and a 10% appreciation or depreciation of the Canadian dollar against the euro would have an effect of \$3 on total comprehensive income (loss).

In terms of the euro, the Company had one significant exposure: its net investment and net cash flows in its European operations, which were discontinued on July 11, 2016 (see Note 5, *Discontinued Operations*). In terms of the U.S. dollar, the Company has four significant exposures: its net investment and net cash flows in its U.S. operations, its product sales to U.S. customers, royalties from licensing agreement with Galderma S.A. (Galderma) and Taro Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Taro) regarding Pliaglis and the cost of running trials and other studies at U.S. sites.

The Company does not actively hedge any of its foreign currency exposures given the relative risk of currency versus other risks the Company faces and the cost of establishing the necessary credit facilities and purchasing financial instruments to mitigate or hedge these exposures. As a result, the Company does not attempt to hedge its net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

## 19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Prior to the acquisition of INTEGA, the TPT Group had one commercial product: Pliaglis, a topical local anaesthetic cream that provides safe and effective local dermal anaesthesia on intact skin prior to superficial dermatological procedures, such as dermal filler injections, pulsed-dye laser therapy, facial laser resurfacing and laser-assisted tattoo removal. The Company owns the commercial rights in Canada and Mexico and has licensed the U.S. rights to Taro and the rest of the world marketing rights to Galderma. Pliaglis is approved for sale and marketing in the U.S., Canada and Mexico, as well as multiple European, South American and Asian countries. Galderma launched the commercial sale and marketing of Pliaglis in the U.S. and multiple countries in the E.U. in 2013, South America in 2014 and Canada in 2015. In December 2015, the Company reacquired the Pliaglis development and marketing rights from Galderma for the U.S., Canada and Mexico. In April 2017, the Company granted Taro an exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis in the U.S. and for a second-generation enhanced version of Pliaglis (Flexicaine). The TPT Group has a pipeline of products to treat a variety of therapeutic areas with a focus on dermatology and pain.

The acquisition of INTEGA provides the TPT Group a revenue-generating, fully integrated commercial skincare business and manufacturing facility. The Company owns the worldwide distribution rights to INTEGA's well-known and established skincare brands: Laboratoire Dr Renaud™, Pro-Derm™, Premiology® and the Canadian rights for the ISDIN® line.

As a result of discontinuing the operations of the Immunology Group (see Note 5, *Discontinued Operations*), the Company now operates in one segment.

### Geographic Information

The Company's revenue is derived from sales to and licensing revenue from external customers located in the following geographic areas:

	Three Months ended June 30		Six Months ended June 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada <sup>(i)</sup>	4,621	89	6,179	142
U.S.	-	-	328	-
Other foreign countries	201	7	373	7
Europe	36	2	58	44
	<b>4,858</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>6,938</b>	<b>193</b>

<sup>(i)</sup> Revenue in Canada included US\$2.0 million (\$2.7 million) for upfront payment for the out-licensing of Pliaglis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 [\$nil for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016].

As at June 30, 2017, all the Company's PP&E was located in Canada.

## 20. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Prior to the completion of the Arrangement on March 1, 2016, Nuvo was considered a related party due to its parent-subsidiary relationship with the Crescita entities.

Subsequent to the Reorganization, Nuvo and the Company were related parties due to shared key management personnel. Effective March 1, 2016, Nuvo and the Company entered into a reciprocal transitional services agreement with a term of 18 months. Under the transitional services agreement, (a) Nuvo provided Crescita corporate-level employee services, quality assurance support and facility rental, and (b) Crescita provided Nuvo corporate-level employee services, R&D support and facility and equipment rental.

As a result of the restructuring of key management personnel in 2017, Nuvo and Crescita are no longer related parties.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, fees for services provided to Nuvo were \$52 and \$0.1 million and services received from Nuvo were \$111 and \$173.

## 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

### ***Amended Terms to Knight Loan***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced it had entered into an amended loan agreement with Knight. The Company assumed approximately \$6.8 million (currently \$6.6 million of principal outstanding) of an INTEGA loan from Knight (the Knight Loan), which was secured by a letter of credit issued by a Canadian chartered bank on the Company's behalf. The letter of credit was secured by cash held in the Company's account with the bank.

Under the terms of the amended loan agreement, Crescita will immediately repay \$2.5 million of the loan (reducing the principal amount to \$4.1 million) and Knight has agreed to release the letter of credit in exchange for a general security interest over all of Crescita's assets. As a result, the Company now has access to an additional \$6.0 million of its cash (after the repayment described above) – that was previously restricted under the terms of the letter of credit – to fund its operations. The loan continues to bear interest at 9% per annum and matures on January 22, 2022. The loan can be repaid by the Company at any time prior to December 31, 2018 without penalty. The loan does not contain any financial covenants. Under the amended loan, Crescita has agreed to make additional repayments such that the principal amount of the loan is reduced to \$2.5 million by December 31, 2018.

The terms and conditions of the amended loan are set forth in an Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between Crescita and Knight, a copy of which will be filed under the Company's profile at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). The summary of the amended loan above is qualified by reference to the specific terms of the loan agreement.

### ***New Warrants***

The Company issued 396,000 common share purchase warrants to Knight, 216,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$0.75 per share and the other 180,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, in each case for a period of six years. Concurrent with the issuance of those warrants, Knight surrendered and cancelled the 293,163 common share purchase warrants it previously held.

### ***Agreement with Certain Former INTEGA Shareholders***

On August 14, 2017, the Company announced it had entered into an agreement with certain parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement (who represent a majority of certain former INTEGA shareholders) pursuant to which those parties have agreed with the Company that none of them will be entitled to any further payments from Crescita under the INTEGA purchase agreement. The Company and the other parties to the INTEGA purchase agreement have agreed to defer the date for final payment of the purchase price for the INTEGA acquisition until at least September 10, 2017, while discussions are ongoing to reach a similar agreement.

### ***Acquisition of Alyria Skincare Products***

On August 8, 2017, the Company announced that its wholly owned subsidiary, INTEGA acquired the Alyria skincare line of products from Sanofi Consumer Health Inc. Alyria is a high-quality, non-prescription, line of medical skincare products sold into medical spas. The product is highly complementary to INTEGA's Pro-Derm™ product offering and will be sold through Crescita's existing sales force. The Company purchased Alyria for cash consideration of \$1.7 million, consisting of a combination of fixed cash installments, of which \$0.8 million will be paid in 2017, as well as a royalty agreement based on a threshold of annual net sales of Alyria over a nine-year period starting in 2020.

***Pliaglis and Flexicaine Out-licensing***

In April, the Company entered into a development and commercialization license agreement (the Agreement) with Taro Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Taro), the Canadian subsidiary of Taro Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd. In consideration for the exclusive license to the rights to sell and distribute Pliaglis in the U.S. and for a second-generation enhanced version of Pliaglis (Flexicaine), Taro made an upfront payment of US\$2.0 million (\$2.7 million) to Crescita. The Company could also receive up to US\$5.75 million in non-dilutive development and sales milestone payments and tiered royalties on net sales of products licensed under the Agreement. In addition, Crescita and Taro entered into a fee-for-service development agreement, whereby, the Company will provide services related to further development of Pliaglis and Flexicaine and will receive fees based on services performed. Crescita retains all rights to Pliaglis in Canada and Mexico. In July 2017, the United States Patent and Trademark Office has granted U.S. Patent No. 9,693,976, entitled "Solid-Forming Local Anesthetic Formulations for Pain Control" relating to the Flexicaine composition. Under the terms of the Agreement, the grant of the Flexicaine U.S. patent entitles Crescita to a US\$0.5 million (\$0.6 million) milestone payment that it expects to receive from Taro during the third quarter.